

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR

# PROFESSIONAL AUTO RANGING DIGITAL **MULTIMETER - 11 FUNCTION**

MODEL NO: TM103

Thank you for purchasing a Sealey product. Manufactured to a high standard, this product will, if used according to these instructions, and properly maintained, give you years of trouble free performance.

IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY. NOTE THE SAFE OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS, WARNINGS & CAUTIONS. USE THE PRODUCT CORRECTLY AND WITH CARE FOR THE PURPOSE FOR WHICH IT IS INTENDED. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE DAMAGE AND/OR PERSONAL INJURY AND WILL INVALIDATE THE WARRANTY. KEEP THESE INSTRUCTIONS SAFE FOR FUTURE USE.





Refer to instructions

# **SAFETY**

#### 1.1. PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS

- When using this multimeter, please observe all normal safety rules concerning:
  - Protection against the dangers of electrical current.
  - Protection of the meter against misuse.

shock hazard

- Full compliance with safety standards can only be guaranteed if used with the test leads supplied. If necessary, they must be replaced with genuine Sealey leads with the same electrical ratings. Failure to do so will invalidate the warranty.
- DO NOT use leads if damaged or if the wires are bared in any way.

#### **GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS** 1.2.

- Familiarise yourself with the application and limitations of the multimeter as well as the potential hazards.
  - IF IN ANY DOUBT CONSULT A QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN.
- WARNING! USE EXTREME CAUTION when working with high voltages.
- When the meter is connected to a circuit, do not touch unused meter terminals.
- When the magnitude of the value to be measured is unknown, set the range selector to the highest value available.
- Before commencing testing, follow instructions below and select the correct input sockets, function and range on the multimeter.
- Before rotating the rotary switch to change functions, disconnect the test leads from the circuit under test.
- Take care when working with voltages above 35V DC or 25V AC rms. These voltages are considered a shock hazard.
- Keep fingers behind the probe barriers whilst measuring.
- **DO NOT** test voltages above 600V the circuitry of the multimeter may be destroyed.
- WARNING! NEVER connect the multimeter to a voltage source / live circuit when the rotary switch is set to any other function apart from Voltage testing.
- WARNING! NEVER perform resistance, transistor, diode or continuity measurements on live circuits.
- ALWAYS discharge filter capacitors in power supplies and disconnect the power when making resistance or diode tests.
- $\Box$ WARNING! Voltage checks on electrical outlets can be difficult and misleading because of the uncertainty of connection to the recessed electrical contacts. Other means should be used to ensure that the terminals are not "live".
- **DO NOT** use the multimeter in a potentially explosive atmosphere.
  - DO NOT operate the meter unless the back cover and the battery and fuse doors are in place and fastened securely.
- If any abnormal readings are observed, the multimeter must be checked out by an authorised technician.
- When not in use, store the multimeter carefully in a safe, dry, childproof location out of direct sunlight. Storage temperature range -20°C to 60°C.
- ALWAYS turn off the power and disconnect the test leads before opening the doors to replace the fuse or batteries.
- The user shall ensure that test probes are correctly selected in order to prevent danger. Probes shall be selected to ensure that adequate barriers guard against inadvertent hand contact with live conductors under test and that probes have minimal exposed probe tips. Where there is a risk of the probe tip short circuiting with other live conductors under test, it is recommended that the exposed tip length shall not exceed 4mm.

NOTE: The warnings, cautions and instructions referred to in this manual cannot cover all possible conditions and situations that may occur. It must be understood that common sense and caution are factors which cannot be built into this product, but must be applied by the operator.

#### 1.3. **SAFETY SYMBOLS**



This symbol adjacent to another symbol, terminal or operating device indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the Operating Instructions to avoid personal injury or damage to the meter.

WARNING CAUTION



This WARNING symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

This CAUTION symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result damage to the product.

This symbol, adjacent to one or more terminals identifies them as being associated with ranges that may, in normal use, be subjected to particularly hazardous voltages. For maximum safety, the meter and its test leads should not be handled when these terminals are energized.

This symbol indicates that a device is protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation.

■ WARNING! NEVER apply voltage or current to the meter that exceeds the specified maximum as shown below:

IMPUT LIMITS		
Function	Maximum Input	
V DC or V AC	600V DC/AC	
mA DC/AC	400mA DC/AC	
A DC/AC	10A DC/AC	
Frequency, Resistance, Capacitance, Duty cycle, Diode test, Continuity	250V DC/AC	
Temperature	250V DC/AC	

- □ WARNING! USE EXTREME CAUTION when working with high voltages.
- 1.4. BATTERY INSTALLATION
  - WARNING! To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the battery cover.

Disconnect the test leads from the meter.

Open the battery cover by loosening the two cover screws using a Phillips head screwdriver.

Insert the battery into battery holder, observing the correct polarity.

Replace the battery cover. Secure with the screws.

To remove battery reverse order of above.

WARNING! To avoid electric shock, do not operate the meter until the battery cover is in place and fastened securely.

**NOTE!** If your meter does not work properly, check the fuses and battery to make sure that they are still good and that they are properly inserted



# 2. INTRODUCTION

High precision auto-ranging multimeter. Conforms with EN61010-1 CATIII 600V safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use. Features temperature measurement capability, data hold, and auto power off function. Double moulded housing with soft grip case and large display for ease of use. Practical probe and lead storage and integral upright stand for use on the workbench. Supplied in zipped pouch with carry strap.

- 1. 4000 Count Liquid Crystal Display With Symbolic Signs.
- 2. Function Switch.
- 3. 10A (Positive) Input Jack For 10A DC or AC Measurements.
- 4. Com (Negative) Input Jack.
- Positive Input Jack.
- 6. Mode Push Button.
- 7. Range Push Button.
- 8. Data Hold Push Button.
- 9. Relative Push Button.

#### SYMBOLS AND ANNUNCIATORS

•))) Continuity

Diode Test

μ Micro (amps)

m Milli (volts, amps)

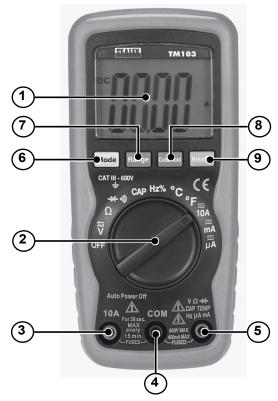
k Kilo (ohms)

 $\Omega \qquad \quad \text{Ohms}$ 

VDC Volts Direct Current

VAC Volts Alternating Current

ADC Amps Direct Current BAT Low Battery



# 3. SPECIFICATION

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
DC Voltage: (Auto Ranging)	400.0mV	0.1mV	±0.5% reading±2 digits
Input Impedance: 7.8MΩ  Maximum Input:600V dc or 600V ac rms.	4.000V	1mV	
	40.00V	10mV	±1.2% reading±2 digits
	400.0V	100mV	
	600V	1V	±1.5% reading ± 2 digits
			<u> </u>
Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
AC Voltage: (Auto-ranging ecept 400mV) Input Impedance:7.8MΩ	400.0mV	0.1mV	±1.5% reading±15 digits
Frequency Range:50 to 400Hz	4.000V	1mV	±1.2% reading±3 digits
Maximum Input:600V dc or 600V ac rms	40.00V	10mV 100mV	±1.5% reading±3 digits
	400.0V 600V	100mv	±2.0% reading±4 digits
	600 V	I IV	±2.0% reading±4 digits
Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
DO 0 1/4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	400.0μA	0.1μΑ	±1.0% reading±3 digits
DC Current:(Auto-ranging for uA/mA) Overload Protection:0.5A/250V and 10A/250V	4000μΑ	1μΑ	
Fuse	40.00mA	10µA	±1.5% reading±3 digits
Maximum Input:400mA dc or 400mA ac rms on	400.0mA	100µA	
uA/mA ranges, 10A dc or ac rms on 10A range	10A	10mA	±2.5% reading±5 digits
Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
AC Current:(Auto-ranging for uA/mA)	400.0μA	0.1μΑ	±1.5% reading±5 digits
Overload Protection:0.5A/250V and 10A/250V	4000µA	1μΑ	
Fuse Frequency Range: 50 to 400Hz	40.00mA	10μΑ	±1.8% reading±5 digits
Maximum Input: 400mA dc or 400mA ac rms on	400.0mA	100µA	
uA/mA ranges, 10A dc or ac rms on 10A range.	10A	10mA	±3.0% reading± 7 digits
			<del>.</del>
Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
<u> </u>	400.0Ω	0.1Ω	±1.2% reading± 4 digits
<u> </u>	4.000ΚΩ	1Ω	±1.0% reading± 2 digits
Resistance (Auto-Ranging) Input Protection: 250V dc or 250V ac rms	40.00ΚΩ	10Ω	
impat i fotocalon. 250 v de oi 250 v de ims	400.0ΚΩ	100Ω 1KΩ	±1.2% reading± 2 digits
_	4.000MΩ 40.00MΩ	10ΚΩ	±2.0% reading± 3 digits
	40.001012	101/22	±2.0 % reading± 3 digits
Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
	4.000nF	1pF	±5.0% reading± 5 digits
	40.00nF	10pF	±5.0% reading± 7 digits
Capacitance (Auto-Ranging)	400.0nF	0.1nF	
Input Protection: 250V dc or 250V ac rms	4.000µF	1nF	±3.0% reading± 5 digits
	40.00μF	10nF	
	200.0μF	0.1µF	±5.0% reading± 5 digits
Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
	9.999Hz	0.001Hz	±1.5% reading± 5 digits
Frequency (Auto-ranging)  Sensitivity:>0.5V RMS while ≤1MHz  Sensitivity:>3V RMS while>1MHz  Overload protection:250V dc or ac rms	99.99Hz	0.01Hz	
	999.9Hz	0.1Hz	_
	9.999KHz	1Hz	±1.2% reading± 3 digits
	99.99KHz	10Hz	
	999.9KHz	100Hz	.4 50/
	9.999MHz	1KHz	±1.5% reading± 4 digits

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Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
Duty Cycle Pulse width:>100us, <100ms Frequency width:5Hz-150Hz Sensitivity:>0.5V RMS Overload protection:250V dc or ac rms	0.1%~99.9%	0.1%	±1.2% reading± 2 digits

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
Temperature	-20°C~+760°C	1°C	
Sensor: Type K Thermocouple Overload protection: 250V dc or ac rms	-4°F~+1400°F	1°F	±3% reading ±5°C/9°F

Function	Test Current	Resolution	Accuracy
 Diode Test ircuit voltage: 1.5V dc typical protection: 250V dc or ac rms	0.3mA typical	1mV	±10%reading±5 digits

Audible continuity

Audible threshold: Less than 150Ω; Test current: <0.3mA

Overload protection: 250V dc or ac rms.

NOTE! Accuracy is stated at 65°F to 83°F (18°C to 28°C) and less than 70% RH.

The instrument complies with: EN61010-1.

Insulation: Class2, Double insulation.

Overvoltage category: CATIII 600V.

Display: 4000 counts LCD display with function indication. Polarity: Automatic, (-) negative polarity indication.

Overrange: "OL" mark indication.

Low battery indication: The "BAT" is displayed when the battery voltage drops below the operating level.

Measurement rate: 2 times per second, nominal.

Auto power off: Meter automatically shuts down after approx. 15 minutes of inactivity.

Operating environment: 0 °C to 50 °C (32 °F to 122 °F) at < 70 % relative humidity. Storage temperature: -20 °C to 60 °C (-4 °F to 140 °F) at < 80 % relative humidity.

For inside use, max height: 2000m

Pollution degree: 2

Power: One 9V battery (PP9).

Dimensions: 150 (H) x 70 (W) x 48 (D) mm

Weight: Approx: 255g.

## 4. OPERATION

WARNING! Risk of electrocution. High-voltage circuits, both AC and DC, are very dangerous and should be measured with great care. ALWAYS turn the function switch to the "OFF" position when the meter is not in use.

If "OL" appears in the display during a measurement, the value exceeds the range you have selected. Change to a higher range.

NOTE! On some low AC and DC voltage ranges, with the test leads not connected to a device, the display may show a random reading.

This is normal and is caused by the high-input sensitivity. The reading will stabilise and give a proper measurement when connected to a circuit.

# 4.1. MODE BUTTON

4.1.1. To select Diode / Continuity, DC / AC Hz / %Duty.

## 4.2. RANGE BUTTON

When the meter is first turned on, it automatically goes into Auto Ranging. This automatically selects the best range for the measurements being made and is generally the best mode for most measurements. For measurement situations requiring that a range be manually selected, perform the following:

- 4.2.1. Press the RANGE button. The "AUTO" display indicator will turn off.
- 4.2.2. Press the RANGE button to step through the available ranges until you select the range you want.
- 4.2.3. Press and hold the RANGE button for 2 seconds to exit the Manual Ranging mode and return to Auto Ranging.

## 4.3. DATA HOLD BUTTON

The Data Hold function allows the meter to "freeze" a measurement for later reference.

- 4.3.1. Press the DATA HOLD button to "freeze" the reading on the indicator. The indicator "HOLD" will be appear in the display.
- 4.3.2. Press the DATA HOLD button to return to normal operation.

### 4.4. RELATIVE BUTTON

The relative measurement feature allows you to make measurements relative to a stored reference value. A reference voltage, current, etc. can be stored and measurements made in comparison to that value. The displayed value is the difference between the reference value and the measured value.

- 4.4.1. Perform any measurement as described in the operating instructions.
- 4.4.2. Press the RELATIVE button to store the reading in the display and the "REL" indicator will appear on the display.
- 4.4.3. The display will now indicate the difference between the stored value and the measured value.
- 4.4.4. Press the RELATIVE button to return to normal operation.

### 4.5. DC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS

**CAUTION:** Do not measure DC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

- 4.5.1. Set the function switch to the V AC / DC position, press the Mode button to select DC.
- 4.5.2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive (V) jack.
- 4.5.3. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
- 4.5.4. Read the voltage in the display. AutoRanging will select the correct range, or manually select the desired range (see 4.2) to obtain a higher resolution reading. The display will indicate the proper decimal point and value. If the polarity is reversed, the display will show (-) minus before the value.

#### 4.6. AC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS

**WARNING!** Risk of Electrocution. The probe tips may not be long enough to contact the live parts inside some 240V outlets for appliances because the contacts are recessed deep in the outlets.

As a result, the reading may show 0 volts when the outlet actually has voltage on it.

Make sure the probe tips are touching the metal contacts inside the outlet before assuming that no voltage is present.

CAUTION: Do not measure AC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF.

Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

- 4.6.1. Set the function switch to the V AC / DC position. press the Mode button to select AC.
- 4.6.2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack. Insert red test lead banana plug into the positive (V) jack.
- 4.6.3. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
- 4.6.4. Read the voltage in the display. AutoRanging will select the correct range, or manually select the desired range (see 4.2) to obtain a higher resolution reading. The display will indicate the proper decimal point and value. If the polarity is reversed, the display will show (-) minus before the value.

#### 4.7. DC CURRENT MEASUREMENTS

CAUTION: Do not make current measurements on the 10A scale for longer than 30 seconds.

Exceeding 30 seconds may cause damage to the meter and/or the test leads.

- 4.7.1. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack.
- 4.7.2. For current measurements up to  $4000\mu A$  DC, set the function switch to the  $\mu A$  range and insert the red test lead banana plug into the ( $\mu A$ ) jack.
- 4.7.3. For current measurements up to 400mA DC, set the function switch to the mA range and insert the red test lead banana plug into the (mA) jack.
- 4.7.4. For current measurements up to 10A DC, set the function switch to the 10A range and insert the red test lead banana plug into the (10A) jack.
- 4.7.5. Press the Mode button until DC shows in the display.
- 4.7.6. Remove power from the circuit under test, then open up the circuit at the point where you wish to measure current.
- 4.7.7. Connect test leads in series with the circuit under measurement.
- 4.7.8. Apply power to the circuit.

4.7.9. Read the current in the display. For mA DC measurements, reset the function switch to successively lower mA DC positions to obtain a higher resolution reading. The display will indicate the proper decimal point and value.

#### 4.8. AC CURRENT MEASUREMENTS

WARNING! To avoid electric shock, do not measure AC current on any circuit whose voltage exceeds 250V AC.

**CAUTION:** Do not make current measurements on the 10A scale for longer than 30 seconds. Exceeding 30 seconds may cause damage to the meter and/or the test leads.

- 4.8.1. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack.
- 4.8.2. For current measurements up to  $4000\mu\text{A}$  AC, set the function switch to the  $\mu\text{A}$  range and insert the red test lead banana plug into the  $(\mu\text{A})$  jack.
- 4.8.3. For current measurements up to 400mA AC, set the function switch to the mA range and insert the red test lead banana plug into the (mA) jack.
- 4.8.4. For current measurements up to 10A AC, set the function switch to the 10A range and insert the red test lead banana plug into the (10A) jack.
- 4.8.5. Press the Mode button until AC shows in the display.
- 4.8.6. Remove power from the circuit under test, then open up the circuit at the point where you wish to measure current.
- 4.8.7. Connect test leads in series with the circuit under measurement.
- 4.8.8. Apply power to the circuit.
- 4.8.9. Read the current in the display. For mA DC measurements, reset the function switch to successively lower mA DC positions to obtain a higher resolution reading. The display will indicate the proper decimal point and value.

#### 4.9 RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

- WARNING! To avoid electric shock, disconnect power to the unit under test and discharge all capacitors before taking any resistance measurements. Remove the batteries and unplug the line cords.
- 4.9.1. Set the function switch to the  $\Omega$  position.
- 4.9.2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive Ω jack.
- 4.9.3. Touch the test probe tips across the circuit or component under test. It is best to disconnect one side of the component under test so the rest of the circuit will not interfere with the resistance reading.
- 4.9.4. Read the resistance in the display The display will indicate the proper decimal point and value.

# 4.10. CONTINUITY CHECK

WARNING! To avoid electric shock, never measure continuity on circuits or wires that have voltage on them.

- 4.10.1. Set the function switch to the → /•))) position.
- 4.10.2. Insert the black lead banana plug into the negative (COM) jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive ( $\Omega$ ) jack.
- 4.10.3. Press the Mode button until the •))) symbol appears in the display.
- 4.10.4. Touch the test probe tips to the circuit or wire you wish to check.
- 4.10.5. Touch the test probe tips to the circuit or wire you wish to check.

- 4.10.6. If the resistance is less than approximately  $30\Omega$ , the audible signal will sound and the display will show the reading. If the circuit is open, the display will indicate "OL".
- 4.11. DIODE TEST
  - WARNING! To avoid electric shock, do not test any diode that has voltage on it.
- 4.11.1. Set the function switch to → position.
- 4.11.2. Press the Mode button until the → symbol appears in the display.
- 4.11.3. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (-) jack (COM) and the red test lead banana plug into the positive (+) jack (Ω).
- 4.11.4. Touch the test probe tips to the diode or semiconductor junction you wish to test. Note the meter reading.
- 4.11.5. Reverse the probe polarity by switching probe position. Note this reading.
- 4.11.6. The diode or junction can be evaluated as follows:
  - A. If one reading shows a value and the other reading shows "OL", the diode is good.
  - B. If both readings show "OL", the device is open.
  - C. If both readings are very small or 0, the device is shorted.
  - NOTE: The value indicated in the display during the diode check is the forward voltage.
- 4.12. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT
- 4.12.1. Set the function switch to the FREQ "Hz" position.
- 4.12.2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (-) jack (COM) and the red test lead banana plug into the positive (+) jack (F).
- 4.12.3. Touch the test probe tips to the circuit under test.
- 4.12.4. Read the frequency in the display. The digital reading will indicate the proper decimal point, symbols (Hz, kHz) and value.
- 4.13. CAPACITANCE MEASUREMENTS
  - **WARNING!** To avoid electric shock, disconnect power to the unit under test and discharge all capacitors before taking any capacitance measurements. Remove the batteries and unplug the line cords.
- 4.13.1. Set the function switch to the CAP position. ("nF" and a small value will appear in the display).
- 4.13.2. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative (-) jack (COM) and the red test lead banana plug into the positive (+) jack (CAP).
- 4.13.3. Touch the test leads to the capacitor to be tested. The display will indicate the proper decimal point, value and symbol.
- 4.14. TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENTS
  - □ WARNING! To avoid electric shock, disconnect any test probes from any source of voltage before making a temperature measurement.
- 4.14.1. If you wish to measure temperature in °F, set the function switch to the °F range. If you wish to measure temperature in °C, set the function switch to the °C range.
- 4.14.2. Insert the type K thermocouple into the thermocouple adaptor ensuring thermocouple "+" positive is matched with the "+" mark on the adaptor. Insert the adaptor into the meter ensuring the "-" negative pin is in the negative COM jack and the "+" pin is in the positive Temp jack
- 4.14.3. Touch the Temperature Probe head to the part whose temperature you wish to measure. Keep the probe touching the part under test until the reading stabilizes (about 30 seconds).
- 4.14.4. Read the temperature in the display. The digital reading will indicate the proper decimal point and value.
  - □ WARNING! To avoid electric shock, be sure the thermocouple has been removed before changing to another measurement function.

# 5. MAINTENANCE

- 5.1. REPLACING THE BATTERY
- □ WARNING! To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the battery cover.
- 5.1.1. When the battery become exhausted or drops below the operating voltage, "BAT" will appear in the LCD display. The battery should be replaced.
- 5.1.2. Follow instructions for installing the battery. See the Battery Installation section of this manual (1.4) Dispose of the old battery properly.
- WARNING! To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the battery cover is in place and fastened securely.
- 5.2. REPLACING THE FUSES
  - WARNING! To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the fuse cover.
  - □ **WARNING!** Before attempting to open the case, ensure that the test leads have been disconnected from the multimeter and that it is switched off to avoid electric shock hazard.
- 5.2.1. Disconnect the test leads from the meter and any item under test.
- 5.2.2. Open the fuse cover by loosening the screw on the cover using a Phillips head screwdriver.
- 5.2.3. Remove the old fuse from its holder by gently pulling it out.
- 5.2.4. Install the new fuse into the holder.
- 5.2.5. Always use a fuse of the proper size and value (0.5A/250V fast blow for the 400mA range, 10A/250V fast blow for the 10A range).
- 5.2.6. Replace the fuse cover back in place. Insert the screw and tighten it securely.
  - WARNING! To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the fuse cover is in place and fastened securely.
- 5.3. Clean the multimeter's casing using a slightly dampened cloth and mild detergent do not use any abrasives or solvents.

  Clean the inside of each terminal using a swab soaked in isopropyl alcohol, use a new swab to apply a light coat of machine oil to each terminal
- 5.4. If the multimeter is to be stored for a long period of time, remove the battery first to avoid any damage.

Parts support is available for this product. To obtain a parts listing and/or diagram, please log on to www.sealey.co.uk, email sales@sealey.co.uk or telephone 01284 757500.



### **Environmental Protection**

Recycle unwanted materials instead of disposing of them as waste. All tools, accessories and packaging should be sorted, taken to a recycling centre and disposed of in a manner which is compatible with the environment. When the product becomes completely unserviceable and requires disposal, drain off any fluids (if applicable) into approved containers and dispose of the product and the fluids according to local regulations.



# **WEEE Regulations**

Dispose of this product at the end of its working life in compliance with the EU Directive on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE). When the product is no longer required, it must be disposed of in an environmentally protective way. Contact your local solid waste authority for recycling information.



# **Battery Removal**

See section 1.4

Under the Waste Batteries and Accumulators Regulations 2009, Jack Sealey Ltd are required to inform potential purchasers of products containing batteries (as defined within these regulations), that they are registered wih Valpak's registered compliance scheme. Jack Sealey Ltd's Batteries Producer Registration Number (BPRN) is BPRN00705.

NOTE: It is our policy to continually improve products and as such we reserve the right to alter data, specifications and component parts without prior notice. **IMPORTANT:** No liability is accepted for incorrect use of this product.

WARRANTY: Guarantee is 12 months from purchase date, proof of which will be required for any claim.



Sole UK Distributor, Sealey Group

Kempson Way, Suffolk Business Park,

Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk. IP32 7AR



**3 01284 757500** 

**4** 01284 703534



www.sealey.co.uk



sales@sealey.co.uk